A Scandal in Bohemia - Chapter 10 知识点总结

2017-02-17 我就是🔥 [百词斩阅读](https://mp.weixin.qq.com/s?__biz=MzIxNzM4ODAzMQ==&mid=100001956&idx=1&sn=59143527d3dadc1f28580d7700124beb&chksm=17fbce34208c4722a4cd76a191819bd620d903710c2194f4a7e65981e2a9c386658d8588ba6a&mpshare=1&scene=1&srcid=0221pQH1ChRAsgtd41YQ30ek&key=9ac7fff01cb28902826b43e0bf81c5013520b7dec4de73c88eb4f6125bfb47191967c682d9d4b036fbcf5faefdd3fd92f3a918c6f7051e0ec168c37e60d2bede6dbf347360860deee600ab7fd5675ec8&ascene=0&uin=MTgxNjA4MTUwMA%3D%3D&devicetype=iMac+MacBookPro11%2C4+OSX+OSX+10.12.3+build(16D32)&version=12010310&nettype=WIFI&fontScale=100&pass_ticket=q0kerG2hZVu5sGOacyqAFEF5iBmhiM88AKyLzITpIHNgy5U%2BA2%2BcVSnnD9EEo%2FWa##)

**• 2月17日知识点总结 •**

A Scandal in Bohemia - Chapter 10

青年水利工程师上了上校的“车”了……

**• 昨日讨论回顾 •**

1. ‘May I ask who it was who has **spoken so well of me?**’

- speak well of me这里怎么理解?

**同义短语: speak highly of**

**- 说某人坏话呢?  speak ill of**

2. I have had considerable experience of my work during the seven years I was an apprentice. 这句话里面有省略吗，如果有省略的是什么，如果没有请翻译这句话。

**省略了关系副词when，通常在定语从句里面关系副词不能省略，但是在day, time, year, moment这三个词后面往往可以省略，也可以用that此时**

比如大家看这句see you again 里面的歌词

i.e. Those were the days hard work forever pays.  – See You Again

3. “ ‘If I promise to keep a secret,’ said I, ‘you may absolutely depend upon my doing so.’ doings这里怎么理解?

**somebody’s doing – 表示 “某人的所作所为”**

英式口语经常使用doings

大家注意到没有柯南道尔经常使用somebody’s doings这个表达

- I was annoyed by his self-centeredness, which seemed to demand that every line of my booklet should be all about **his own special doings.** – The Sign of Four

- From time to time I heard some vague accounts of**his doings in the newspapers.** – A Scandal in Bohemia

4. I felt a feeling of repulsion, and even fear, at the strange behaviour of this **fleshless man.**fleshless这里怎么理解

**名词 + less 的构词 可以用表示“没有…的”**

大家可以构造一下:

- 无价的

- 无价值的

**• 今日讲义•**

1. Some little time ago I bought a small place — a very small place — within ten miles of Reading. …That is why I have made you promise me that you will not tell anyone that you are going to Eyford tonight. I hope that is clear?

这一整段都是上校在给Victor讲述自己的秘密矿产。简单总结一下就是他买了块地，发现在自己的土地下蕴含着fuller’s earth这种很值钱的矿床**（ a deposit of fuller’s earth ）。**

接着他发现他左右邻居的两块地下有更大的两个矿床，而他的邻居们全然不知自己坐拥如此值钱的宝藏。他想买下邻居的地，可是钱不够。

于是他和他的合伙人决定先偷偷开发自己的矿，卖了钱以后再去买邻居的地，为了能顺利低价地买到邻居的土地，他当然不能让邻居们知道他在干什么。

所以现在他们的液压机（ a hydraulic press ）坏了，也不敢大张旗鼓地修理，需要完全保密。

> > > 关于 Fuller's Earth 的一点冷知识

因为吸附性能出众，所以可以用来清理动物的油脂（grease）和💩，，所以养猫的旁友们，你们买的猫砂里会有 fuller's earth 哟。

要想拯救糟糕的空气和水，可以用 fuller's earth 作吸附剂，它是环保小能手！

有的药里面，会将 fuller's earth 作为填充物。

考虑到其出色的吸油性，很多护肤品牌会将 fuller's earth 用于面部及头部护理产品中，比如英国品牌Lush。

有vpn的同学们可以戳：

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i7-5YVnufcU 了解一发

2. But why use a hydraulic press in**mining fuller’s earth,**which, as I understand, is dug out like gravel from a pit?

听完上校的故事，Victor表示很疑惑，为什么会用液压机去开采漂白土呢？据他所知，漂白土应该像采砂砾（ gravel ）一样从矿坑（ pit ）里淘出来呀。mining的动词原形是mine，**「 mine 」作动词表示“开采、挖矿”。**

3. We compress the earth into bricks, so as to **remove them without revealing what they are.**But that is a mere detail. I have **taken you fully into my confidence now**, Mr. Hatherley, and I have shown you how I trust you.

对于Victor的疑惑，上校解释说他们是把漂白土压成砖块，**这样就可以神不知鬼不觉地搬走他们了（ remove them without revealing what they are ）**。之后上校对Victor说你看看我连这都告诉你了，说明我有多么相信你

**「 take...fully into one’s confidence 」，完全信任某人。**

4. I was the only passenger who got out there, and there was no one upon the platform except a single sleepy porter with a lantern. As I passed out through the gate, however, I found **my acquaintance of the morning**waiting in the shadow upon the other side.

一路风尘仆仆的 Victor 终于赶上了去往 Eyford 的最后一班火车，他是这班火车上唯一一个在这里下车的乘客。除了一个提着灯打瞌睡的行李搬运工外，月台上只有他一个人。

出了门，**才看到早上见过的上校（ my acquaintance of the morning ）**在黑暗处等他。然后Victor就被上校拉上车匆匆离开了

5. We drove for at least an hour. … The moment I entered, the door slammed heavily behind us, and I heard the carriage drive away.

从这段叙述我们可以看出一路上非常颠簸，也比上校说的距离要长，窗外什么东西也看不到，而上校也不肯和Victor交谈，甚至到了下车的时候，Victor都是被迅速拉进了房子，根本没机会在屋外停留看看周围的情况和房子的外观。进屋以后，身后的房门就被重重关上了……

6. Suddenly a door opened at **the other end of the passage**, and**a long, golden bar of light shot out in our direction.** It grew broader, and a woman appeared with a lamp in her hand, which she held above her head.

屋里一片漆黑，正当上校摸索着找火柴的时候，走廊另一端**（the other end of the passage）的门突然开了**，**一束长长的、金色的光朝我们这边投射过来（ shot out in our direction）**。随着光束变大（也就是门开得更大了），一个女人提着灯出现了。根据后文的描述，这是个美丽的外国女人，说的也是外语，在和上校对话后，她表现得很诧异，差点把灯都掉地上了。

**• 课堂讨论 •**

1. This press, as I have already explained, has **got out of order**, and we wish your advice upon the subject. out of order 怎么理解?

反义短语是什么?

in order

扩展 – 表示“陷入混乱，一团乱麻”

in a mess

比如大家看到这样一个房间

除了形容physically的混乱，还可以形容一个人的精神状态

2.

“Yes, I saw it by the side-lights when I was stepping into the carriage. It was a light brown colour.”

“Tired-looking or **fresh**?”  fresh 这里怎么理解?

- fresh 表示 “经历充沛的”

i.e. “I feel **fresh** after a holiday.”

- 通过上下文的逻辑关系猜测词义

1) The new tax law **supersedes**，or replaces，the law that was in effect last year.

2) Mother was tall，fat and middle-aged. The principal of the school was an older woman，almost as **plump**as mother，and much shorter.

3) In the past the world seemed to run in an orderly way. Now，however，everything seems to be in a state of**turmoil.**

**• 好歌献给你 •**

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